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Bryant — *Cheiracanthium mildei*

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The eggs are flesh-color, about 0.5 mm. in diameter, in a compact mass, loosely enclosed in a thin transparent cocoon.

♀ Massachusetts; Cambridge, 26 July, 1949, (Chickering)

♂ Massachusetts; Cambridge, in museum, 18 July, 1947, (Bryant)

♂ Massachusetts; Brookline, 27 July, 1947, (Bryant)

♂ ♀ New York; New Rochelle, June, 1947, (Lacy)

The male of *Cheiracanthium mildei* is easily separated from that of *C. inclusum* by several characters. The tibia of the palpus of *mildei* has two short processes at the tip, while *inclusum* has one long process which interlocks with a similar process from the cymbium; *mildei* has on the fourth metatarsus a ventral row of short black spines that are very conspicuous; and on the second femur the pro-lateral spine from a raised base is much smaller than on *inclusum*. The females can be separated by the epigyna. In *mildei* the area is divided by a dark transverse bar, while in *inclusum*, the epigynum is an oval transverse pit which shows no structure.

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(pp. 309-1298 publiée L. Berland et L. Fage.)

NEW SYNONYMY IN THE ARMY ANT GENUS *AENICTUS*
SCHUCKARD.—*Aenictus deuqueti* Crawley (1923, Ent. Rec.,
35:177, worker) is a new synonym of *Aenictus turneri* For-
el (1900, Ann. Soc. Ent. Belg., 44:75, worker). I compared
types of Forel's and Crawley's species in the British Muse-
um. Crawley's distinctions are inconsequential or else, as
in the case of the color, inaccurately described. — W. L.
BROWN, JR., Museum of Comparative Zoology.

(over)

SYNONYMOUS ANT NAMES. — The following new synonymy has recently been established:

Kyidris nuda Brown (1949, Mushi, 20:23-24, female) is a **new synonym** of *Kyidris mutica* Brown (1949, Mushi, 20:3-6, fig. 1, worker). Of nests reared by Okamoto in Shikoku, the workers are typical of *K. mutica*, while the females agree perfectly with the Formosan type of *K. nuda*. Dr. Yasumatsu has kindly made the necessary comparison. The families are relatively unusually small for dacetines, and differ in sculpture and pilosity from the workers.

Lordomyrma nobilis Yasumatsu (1950, Ins. Matsumurana, 17:75-78, fig. 2, worker, male) is a **new synonym** of *Rogeria azumai* Santschi (1941, Mitt. schweiz. ent. Ges., 18:275), making a **new combination**, *Lordomyrma azumai* (Santschi). Santschi's description arrived belatedly in Japan. Types of the two forms, compared by Dr. Yasumatsu, prove to be identical. — W. L. BROWN, JR., Museum of Comparative Zoology.